First Regular Session Seventy-fourth General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 23-0208.01 Alana Rosen x2606

SENATE BILL 23-007

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Zenzinger and Kirkmeyer,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Kipp and Catlin,

Senate Committees

House Committees

Education

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

CONCERNING ENHANCING ADULT EDUCATION IN COLORADO.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

Current law requires adult education providers (providers) that participate in the department of education's (department) adult education and literacy grant program (program) to offer eligible adults basic education in literacy and numeracy. The bill adds "digital literacy" to the basic education offered to eligible adults.

The bill describes services that providers may offer to eligible adults. The bill amends the reporting requirements for providers of the program.

The bill allows community colleges, area technical colleges, and local district colleges (colleges) to develop minimum graduation requirements for a high school diploma based on the minimum high school graduation guidelines adopted by the state board of education. Colleges are authorized to award high school diplomas to students who successfully complete the colleges' minimum high school graduation requirements.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-10-102, amend (1)(e), (1)(e.5), (1)(e.7), (1)(f), and (1)(g) as follows:

22-10-102. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly finds that:

- (e) Before Colorado can meet its workforce, educational attainment, and poverty-reduction goals, the state must address the need for adult education. A significant percentage of the state's working-age population lacks a high school diploma or its equivalent. Many of these individuals do not have basic literacy, DIGITAL LITERACY, or numeracy skills and are unprepared for participation in postsecondary education and for participation in the twenty-first-century workforce. Further, these individuals are unprepared to provide the learning support and advocacy that their own children or the children they care for require.
- (e.5) Literacy and level of educational attainment not only impact an individual's ability to gain employment at a self-sufficiency level, but extensive research shows that they are also key determining factors in the educational success and future employment potential of the individual's children or children for whom the individual is a caregiver. A two-generation approach to increasing literacy, DIGITAL LITERACY, and numeracy skills is essential for the workforce of today and tomorrow and for helping to break the cycle of poverty.

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(e.7) While some adults require educational programs that will improve their literacy, DIGITAL LITERACY, or numeracy skills to gain higher-paying levels of employment, many adults have not completed ninth grade or may otherwise be identified as lowest-level learners. Before these adults can aspire to higher-level employment, they require more basic educational programs that specialize in English language skills and assistance in obtaining a high school DIPLOMA OR AN equivalency certificate.

(f) Effectively addressing the need for adult education requires the appropriation of state money to fund adult education and literacy programs that participate in workforce development partnerships or education attainment partnerships and that enable individuals to acquire the basic and more advanced skills needed to function effectively as parents, caregivers, employees, and citizens of the United States. Although there are several postsecondary programs that focus on workforce development and skills acquisition, these programs typically assume that participants are or have been in the workforce in some capacity and have already attained a base level of literacy, DIGITAL LITERACY, and numeracy. Adult education and literacy programs, however, are typically designed for adults who have been unable to enter the workforce in a meaningful capacity or are limited in their ability to support their children's education or participate in society due to a lack of basic literacy, DIGITAL LITERACY, and numeracy skills.

(g) In return for state investment in adult education and literacy programs, these programs must refocus their mission to ensure that more low-skilled, low-income adults attain the basic literacy, DIGITAL LITERACY, and numeracy skills that they lack so that they may improve

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1	their own and the next generation's ability to participate in the current and
2	future in-demand sectors of employment, function effectively in
3	supporting and advocating for their children's education, and actively
4	participate in society; and
5	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-10-103, amend
6	(1), (2.5), (3)(c)(III), and (11)(a); and add (2.3) as follows:
7	22-10-103. Definitions. As used in this article 10, unless the
8	context otherwise requires:
9	(1) "Adult education and literacy programs" means programs that
10	provide adult basic education, adult education leading to a high school
11	DIPLOMA OR AN equivalency credential, English as a second language
12	instruction, or integrated basic education, DIGITAL LITERACY, and skills
13	training.
14	(2.3) "DIGITAL LITERACY" MEANS THE SKILLS ASSOCIATED WITH
15	USING TECHNOLOGY THAT ENABLES USERS TO FIND, EVALUATE, ORGANIZE,
16	CREATE, DISSEMINATE, AND COMMUNICATE INFORMATION ONLINE.
17	(2.5) "Education attainment partnership" means a collaboration
18	that assists adults in attaining basic literacy, DIGITAL LITERACY, and
19	numeracy skills that lead to additional skill acquisition and may lead to
20	postsecondary credentials and employment. At a minimum, an education
21	attainment partnership must consist of at least one adult education
22	provider that is not listed in subsection (1.5)(a) of this section that
23	partners with at least one elementary or secondary school or school
24	district, a public or private institution of higher education, a local district
25	college, or an area technical college.
26	(3) "Eligible adult" means a person who:

(c) (III) Lacks sufficient mastery of the basic literacy, DIGITAL

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LITERACY, and numeracy skills necessary to enable the person to function effectively in the workplace.

(11) (a) "Workforce development partnership" means a collaboration that assists adults in attaining basic literacy, DIGITAL LITERACY, and numeracy skills leading to additional skill acquisition, postsecondary credentials, and employment. At a minimum, a workforce development partnership must include at least one adult education provider AND at least one postsecondary education or training provider and at least OR one workforce development provider.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-10-104, **amend** (1)(a), (1)(c), (1)(d)(I), (3)(c.5), and (3)(d); and **add** (3)(e) as follows:

22-10-104. Adult education and literacy grant program - created - rules. (1) (a) (I) There is created in the office the adult education and literacy grant program to provide funding for adult education providers that are members of workforce development partnerships, through which eligible adults receive basic education in literacy, DIGITAL LITERACY, and numeracy that leads to additional skills acquisition, A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR AN EQUIVALENCY CERTIFICATE, postsecondary credential attainment, and employment; or education attainment partnerships that assist adults in attaining basic literacy, DIGITAL LITERACY, and numeracy skills that lead to additional skill acquisition, and may lead to A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA OR AN EQUIVALENCY CERTIFICATE, postsecondary credentials and employment, for the participating adults and their children or the children for whom they provide care.

- (II) ADULT EDUCATION AND LITERACY PROGRAMS MAY INCLUDE:
- (A) IN-PERSON OR ONLINE INSTRUCTION;

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(B)	THE DEV	ELOPMENT	OF DO	CUMENTEI) LEARN	ING PLA	ANS
DESCRIBING	COURSES	OR CRED	OITS AN	ELIGIBLE	ADULT	NEEDS	TC
COMPLETE A	AN ADULT E	DUCATION	AND LIT	ERACY PRO	OGRAM A	ND FULF	ïLL
THE GRADU	ATION REQU	JIREMENTS	OF THE	PROGRAM;			

- (C) COACHING BETWEEN AN ADULT EDUCATION PROVIDER AND AN ELIGIBLE ADULT RELATED TO THE STUDENT'S PACE AND PROGRESS WITH THE LEARNING PLAN DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a)(II)(B) OF THIS SECTION; AND
- (D) MENTORSHIP BETWEEN A COACH AND AN ELIGIBLE ADULT TO FACILITATE THE COMPLETION OF THE ELIGIBLE ADULT'S LEARNING PLAN DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (1)(a)(II)(B) OF THIS SECTION TO PREPARE THE STUDENT TO SUCCEED IN THE ADULT EDUCATION AND LITERACY PROGRAM AND IN THE ELIGIBLE ADULT'S FUTURE ENDEAVORS.
- (c) Subject to available appropriations, the state board, taking into consideration the recommendations of the office, shall award adult education and literacy grants to adult education providers. In awarding grants payable from state appropriations, the state board may give preference to adult education programs that serve populations that are underserved by federal funding. The grants awarded are payable from appropriations from the general fund and from the adult education and literacy grant fund created in section 22-10-107. The state board shall establish the amount and duration of each grant awarded and may award a grant for multiple fiscal years, subject to annual renewal BY THE OFFICE. A grant recipient that receives a multi-year grant must annually submit to the office the necessary information to determine whether the grant recipient is making sufficient progress toward achieving the goals of the adult education and literacy program that were specified in the grant

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application. If the office finds that a grant recipient is not making sufficient progress toward achieving the goals, the state board OFFICE shall not renew the grant for subsequent fiscal years.

- (d) An adult education provider may use grant money received pursuant to this article 10 in combination with any money received from other public or private sources. An adult education provider may use grant money received pursuant to this article 10 on behalf of a student who:
 - (I) Lacks basic literacy, DIGITAL LITERACY, or numeracy skills;
- (3) The office, in evaluating grant applications, and the state board, in awarding grants, may consider, at a minimum, the following factors:
- (c.5) Whether the adult education provider serves eligible adults who have not completed ninth grade or may otherwise be identified as lowest-level learners and the adult education provider's demonstrated success in serving these learners; and
- (d) The demonstrated success of the adult education provider in enabling adults to attain basic literacy, DIGITAL LITERACY, and numeracy skills and in assisting them to attain additional skills, postsecondary credentials, employment, and increased capacity to support the academic achievement of their own children or children for whom they provide care; AND
- (e) The average cost per eligible adult served by the adult education provider in assisting the eligible adult in attaining additional skills, a high school diploma or an equivalency certificate, postsecondary credentials, employment, or increased capacity to support the academic

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1	ACHIEVEMENT OF THE ELIGIBLE ADULT'S OWN CHILDREN OR CHILDREN FOR
2	WHOM THE ELIGIBLE ADULT PROVIDES CARE.
3	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-10-105, amend
4	(1)(c) as follows:
5	22-10-105. Evaluation of grants - report. (1) (c) (I) Upon
6	completing an adult education and literacy program funded, in whole or
7	in part, by a grant awarded pursuant to this article 10, an adult education
8	provider shall report to the department information concerning the
9	state-funded program that the department specifically requests from the
10	information required by Title II of the federal "Workforce Innovation and
11	Opportunity Act", as amended, 29 U.S.C. sec. 3101 et seq., for federally
12	funded programs. The department may request such additional
13	information as may be required by rule of the state board THE
14	DEPARTMENT SHALL ESTABLISH REASONABLE REPORTING AND
15	DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS FOR PROVIDERS. AN ADULT EDUCATION
16	PROVIDER'S ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH REPORTING AND
17	DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS MUST NOT EXCEED FIVE PERCENT OF THE
18	AWARDED FUNDS. THE DEPARTMENT MAY REQUIRE DOCUMENTATION OF
19	REPORTED OUTCOMES ON A SAMPLE OF ELIGIBLE ADULTS SERVED BY AN
20	ADULT EDUCATION PROVIDER. AN ADULT EDUCATION PROVIDER SHALL
21	REPORT TO THE DEPARTMENT ON THE FOLLOWING:
22	(A) THE NUMBER OF ELIGIBLE ADULTS ENROLLED IN AN ADULT
23	EDUCATION AND LITERACY PROGRAM;
24	(B) DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION OF EACH ELIGIBLE ADULT
25	ENROLLED IN AN ADULT EDUCATION AND LITERACY PROGRAM, INCLUDING
26	AGE, GENDER, RACE, ETHNICITY, NATIVE LANGUAGE, ZIP CODE, AND
27	INCOME;

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1	(C) LITERACY SKILLS GAINED BY AN ELIGIBLE ADULT ENROLLED
2	IN AN ADULT EDUCATION AND LITERACY PROGRAM;
3	(D) POSTSECONDARY CREDENTIALS EARNED BY AN ELIGIBLE
4	ADULT ENROLLED IN AN ADULT EDUCATION AND LITERACY PROGRAM;
5	(E) EMPLOYMENT OBTAINED BY AN ELIGIBLE ADULT ENROLLED IN
6	AN ADULT EDUCATION AND LITERACY PROGRAM;
7	(F) ADJUSTMENTS TO AN ELIGIBLE ADULT'S WAGES BASED ON AN
8	ELIGIBLE ADULT'S PARTICIPATION IN THE ADULT EDUCATION AND
9	LITERACY PROGRAM; AND
10	(G) DEVELOPMENT OF GENERATIONAL SKILLS AND THE CAPACITY
11	OF AN ELIGIBLE ADULT TO SUPPORT THE ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT OF THE
12	ELIGIBLE ADULT'S CHILDREN OR CHILDREN FOR WHOM THE ELIGIBLE ADULT
13	PROVIDES CARE.
14	(II) EACH ADULT EDUCATION PROVIDER SHALL REPORT DATA IN
15	COMPLIANCE WITH THE "COLORADO PRIVACY ACT", ESTABLISHED
16	PURSUANT TO PART 13 OF ARTICLE 1 OF TITLE 6; THE FEDERAL "FAMILY
17	EDUCATIONAL RIGHTS AND PRIVACY ACT OF 1974", 20 U.S.C. SEC.
18	1232g; AND THE "STUDENT DATA TRANSPARENCY AND SECURITY ACT",
19	CREATED IN ARTICLE 16 OF THIS TITLE 22.
20	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-10-107, add
21	(1)(b.5) as follows:
22	22-10-107. Adult education and literacy grant fund - created.
23	(1) (b.5) FOR THE 2023-24 BUDGET YEAR AND EACH BUDGET YEAR
24	THEREAFTER, IN ADDITION TO THE AMOUNT THAT IS AVAILABLE PURSUANT
25	TO SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF THIS SECTION, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL
26	APPROPRIATE TWO MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE GENERAL FUND TO THE
27	FUND FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION.

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1	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 23-60-111 as
2	follows:
3	23-60-111. Community colleges - high school diplomas -
4	approval. (1) A COMMUNITY COLLEGE MAY DEVELOP MINIMUM
5	GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS FOR A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA BASED ON THE
6	MINIMUM HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION GUIDELINES ADOPTED BY THE STATE
7	BOARD OF EDUCATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-2-106 (1)(a.5). A
8	COMMUNITY COLLEGE SHALL AWARD A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA TO A
9	STUDENT WHO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETES THE MINIMUM HIGH SCHOOL
10	GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS.
11	(2) A COMMUNITY COLLEGE SHALL NOTIFY THE BOARD WHEN THE
12	COMMUNITY COLLEGE AWARDS A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA PURSUANT TO
13	THIS SECTION. THE BOARD SHALL NOTIFY THE OFFICE WITHIN THE
14	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION THAT IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ADULT
15	EDUCATION, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 22-10-103 (9), OF THE TOTAL NUMBER
16	OF HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMAS THE COMMUNITY COLLEGE AWARDS.
17	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 23-60-803 as
18	follows:
19	23-60-803. Area technical colleges - high school diplomas -
20	approval. (1) An area technical college may develop minimum
21	GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS FOR A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA BASED ON THE
22	MINIMUM HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION GUIDELINES ADOPTED BY THE STATE
23	BOARD OF EDUCATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-2-106 (1)(a.5). AN AREA
24	TECHNICAL COLLEGE SHALL AWARD A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA TO A
25	STUDENT WHO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETES THE MINIMUM HIGH SCHOOL
26	GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS.
27	(2) An area technical college shall notify the board

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I	WHEN THE AREA TECHNICAL COLLEGE AWARDS A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA
2	PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. THE BOARD SHALL NOTIFY THE OFFICE
3	WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION THAT IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ADULT
4	EDUCATION, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 22-10-103 (9), OF THE TOTAL NUMBER
5	OF HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMAS THE AREA TECHNICAL COLLEGE AWARDS.
6	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 23-71-135 as
7	follows:
8	23-71-135. Local district colleges - high school diplomas -
9	approval. (1) A LOCAL DISTRICT COLLEGE MAY DEVELOP MINIMUM
10	GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS FOR A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA BASED ON THE
11	MINIMUM HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION GUIDELINES ADOPTED BY THE STATE
12	BOARD OF EDUCATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 22-2-106 (1)(a.5). A LOCAL
13	DISTRICT COLLEGE SHALL AWARD A HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA TO A STUDENT
14	WHO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETES THE MINIMUM HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION
15	REQUIREMENTS.
16	(2) A LOCAL DISTRICT COLLEGE SHALL NOTIFY THE BOARD OF
17	TRUSTEES WHEN THE LOCAL DISTRICT COLLEGE AWARDS A HIGH SCHOOL
18	DIPLOMA PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES SHALL
19	NOTIFY THE OFFICE WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION THAT IS
20	RESPONSIBLE FOR ADULT EDUCATION, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 22-10-103
21	(9), OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMAS THE LOCAL
22	DISTRICT COLLEGE AWARDS.
23	SECTION 9. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
24	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
25	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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